FINANCIAL STATEMENTS and INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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Merritt, McLane & Hamby, P.C.

500 Chestnut Street, Suite 1645 Abilene, TX 79602

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors

Jones County Appraisal District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities of Jones County Appraisal District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities of Jones County Appraisal District as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

Phone: 325-672-9323

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in
 the financial statements.
- Obtaining an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Jones County Appraisal District's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Jones County Appraisal District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and required Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS) information on pages 3 through 7 and 31 through 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Mirrett, Michane & Hauley, P. C.

MERRITT, MCLANE & HAMBY, P.C.

Abilene, Texas April 14, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	

JONES COUNTY APPRAISAL DISTRICT PO BOX 348 ANSON, TX. 79501 (325) 823-2422

jonescad@hotmail.com

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Jones County Appraisal District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position increased \$40,612 from prior year.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$40,612 less than the \$670,193 generated in fees from the entities and other revenues for governmental programs.
- The total cost of the District's programs was \$629,581.
- The general fund reported fund balance of \$90,000.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The District also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The District's annual report includes two government-wide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these government-wide statements is the *Statement of Net Position*. This is the District-wide statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating. Evaluation of the overall economic health of the District would extend to other nonfinancial factors such as the condition of District fixed assets in addition to the financial information provided in this report.

The second government-wide statement is the *Statement of Activities* which reports how the District's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the District's distinct activities or functions on revenues provided by the District's entities.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the District that are principally supported by revenues from supporting entities.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and

regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District has governmental and custodial funds:

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources during the year and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Custodial funds accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provides a reconciliation to the government-wide statements to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Fiduciary Fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. The budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund can be found in required supplementary information. This statement demonstrates compliance with the District's adopted and final revised budget. The District's total final budget did not change from the adopted budget.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net position. As year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss the changing financial position of the District as a whole.

Table A-1
Jones County Appraisal District's Net Position

	_	2022	_	2021	_	Dollar Change	Percent Change
Current and Other Assets	\$	248,870	\$	243,968	\$	4,902	2%
Capital and Non-Current Assets		151,250		79,395		71,855	91%
Total Assets	_	400,120	_	323,363	_	76,757	24%
Deferred Outflows	_	131,849	_	162,888		(31,039)	-19%
Current Liabilities		158,870		153,968		4,902	3%
Noncurrent Liabilities		25,921		225,490		(199,569)	-89%
Total Liabilities	_	184,791	_	379,458		(194,667)	-51%
Deferred Inflows	_	259,252		59,479		199,773	336%
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		151,250		79,395		71,855	91%
Unrestricted		(63,324)		(32,081)		(31,243)	97%
Total Net Position	\$	87,926	\$	47,314		40,612	86%

As the above table indicates, total current assets increased by \$4,902 during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. This increase is due primarily to an increase in cash. Noncurrent assets increased \$71,855 due to reclassifying net pension asset offset with depreciation expense. Current liabilities increased due to the increase in unearned revenue. The District has noncurrent liabilities due to the liability from TCDRS resulting from the implementation of GASB No. 75. Implementation of GASB No. 68 is recorded as a noncurrent asset. The District's net position at fiscal year-end is \$87,926. This is a \$40,612 increase over last year's net position of \$47,314.

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues were \$670,193. Approximately 92% of the District's revenue comes from supporting entities. (See Figure A-1)

The total cost of all programs and services was \$629,581. The District's expenses are for operating expenses of the District.

Figure A-1
District Sources of Revenue for
Fiscal Year 2022

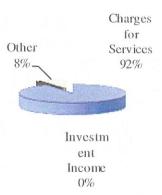


Table A-2
Changes in Jones County Appraisal District's Net Position

		2022		2021	Total % Change
Revenues	-		-		
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	615,934	\$	587,882	5%
General Revenues					
Investment income		55		90	-39%
Other income		54,204		47,501	14%
Total Revenues	_	670,193		635,473	5%
Expenses					
General government		629,581		664,801	-5%
Total Expenses	_	629,581		664,801	-5%
Decrease in net position	\$_	40,612	\$_	(29,328)	-238%

Governmental Funds

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. The General Fund is the only governmental fund of the District. The General fund reported ending fund balances of \$90,000.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund Budget for fiscal year 2022 was \$649,796. Actual expenditures were \$4,065 over budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for governmental activities as of December 31, 2022, was \$72,844. The total change in net capital assets was a decrease of 8.3% in the governmental activities. There were no additions to capital assets in the current year. See Table A-3 for additional information about changes in capital assets during the fiscal year.

Jones County Appraisal District City's Capital Assets

					Total %
		2022		2021	Change
Land	\$	2,100	\$ -	2,100	
Buildings and improvements		150,716		150,716	
Furniture and equipment		33,401		33,401	
Equipment		245,533		245,533	
Total at historical cost		431,750	_	431,750	
Total accumulated depreciation		358,906	05	352,355	2%
Net capital assets	\$ _	72,844	\$ _	79,395	-8%

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The General Funds expenditures are budgeted at \$680,236, which is an increase of \$26,375 from prior year expenditures. The District has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2023 budget. If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary general fund fund balance is expected to remain the same.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Jones County Appraisal District at 1137 E. Court Plaza, Anson, Texas 79501.

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

DECEMBER 31, 2022	
	Primary
	Government
	General
	Fund
	rund
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 248,870
Total current assets	248,870
Non-current Assets	
Net pension asset	78,406
Capital assets:	2,100
Land	66,959
Buildings, net	
Furniture and fixtures, net	3,785
Total non-current assets	151,250
Total Assets	400,120
DEPENDED OF THE OWN OF PERONIPOLE	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	124,343
Deferred outflow related to pension	
Deferred outflow related to OPEB	7,506
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources	131,849
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	5,166
Payable to entities	16,332
Payroll accrual	12,743
Uncarned revenue	124,629
Total current liabilities	158,870
Noncurrent liabilities	
Net OPEB liability	25,921
Total noncurrent liabilities	25,921
Total noteuron nation	
Total Liabilities	184,791
DEFENDED INCLOSE OF DECOMB CEC	
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	259 020
Deferred inflow related to pension	258,929
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	323
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	259,252
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	151,250
Unrestricted	(63,324)
Total Net Position	\$ 87,926

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Program Revenues			Net (Expense)		
Functions/Programs Primary Government	_	Expenses		Charges for Services	-	Operating Grants and Contributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Primary Government
Governmental Activities:		0.202.02.02.0						77 P 12 Table 2	TOTAL PARKET
General government	\$_	629,581	_\$_	615,934	\$		\$.	(13,647) \$	(13,647)
Total governmental activities	_	629,581		615,934	-			(13,647)	(13,647)
Total Primary Government	\$ =	629,581	= \$ =	615,934	\$			(13,647)	(13,647)
			Ge	eneral Revenues	s:				
				Investment inco	omo	e		55	55
				Other income				54,204	54,204
			,	Total General I	Rev	enues		54,259	54,259
				Change in Net	Po	sition		40,612	40,612
			Ne	et Position - Be	gin	ning		47,314	47,314
			No	et Position - En	din	g	\$:	87,926 \$	87,926

-			
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	GOVERNMENTAL FUND	FINANCIAL STATEN	IENIS

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General Fund
ASSETS:	_	
Current:		
Cash	\$ _	248,870
Total Assets	\$ =	248,870
LIABILITIES:		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	5,166
Payable to entities		16,332
Payroll accrual		12,743
Unearned revenue	_	124,629
Total Liabilities	_	158,870
FUND BALANCE:		
Committed:		
Contingency		15,000
Building maintenance		25,000
Technology		14,000
Other allocations		36,000
Total Fund Balance	_	90,000
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ =	248,870

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET $\frac{\text{TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION}}{\text{DECEMBER } 31,2022}$

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	90,000
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (SNP) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was		
\$431,750 and the accumulated depreciation was \$352,355.		79,395
Depreciation expense decreases net position in SNP.		(6,551)
Included in the noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the District's net pension asset required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$78,406, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$258,929, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$124,343. This resulted in a decrease in net position		
by \$56,180.		(56,180)
Included in the noncurrent liabilities is the recognition of the District's net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$25,921, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$323, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$7,506. This resulted in a decrease in net position by		
\$18,738.		(18,738)
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position	\$	87,926

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN <u>FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS</u> YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General Fund
REVENUES	_	
Charges for services	\$	615,934
Investment income		55
Other income		54,204
Total Revenues	_	670,193
EXPENDITURES		
Salary		337,956
Payroll tax		24,944
Employee benefits		55,399
Appraisal engineers		67,400
Board of review		2,624
Dues and subscriptions		6,175
Insurance and bonds		4,597
Leases and agreements		66,176
Miscellaneous		5,213
Office maintenance		10,523
Office supplies and postage		33,930
Professional services		18,270
Telephone and utilities		10,846
Travel, training and tuition		9,808
Total Expenditures	_	653,861
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	16,332
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers to supporting entities		(16,332)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(16,332)
Net Change in Fund Balance		
Fund Balance - Beginning	_	90,000
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ _	90,000

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total change in fund balances - total governmental funds 0 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (SOA) are different because: Depreciation expense decreases net position in SNP. (6,551)The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of December 31, 2021 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$52,021. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$38,589. The District's reported TCDRS net pension expense had to be recorded. The net pension expense increased the change in net position by \$35,381. The result of these changes is to increase the change in net position by \$48,813. 48,813 The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of December 31, 2021 caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$2,012. Contributions made before the measurement date but after the previous measurement date were reversed from deferred resource outflows and recorded as a current year expense. This caused a decrease in the change in net position totaling \$1,662. The District's reported TCDRS net OPEB expense had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$2,000. The result of these changes is to decrease the change in net position by \$1,650. (1,650)

40,612

Total change in net position of governmental activities - statement of activities

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCE	IAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	_	Custodial Fund
	ds	
Cash on Hand Tax Account	\$	1,028
Cash on Deposit Escrow Accounts		394,206
Total Assets	\$	395,234
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable VIT		286,546
Accounts payable escrow accounts		100,988
Total Liabilities	-	387,534
	_	307,334
NET POSITION		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$ _	7,700

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Custodial Funds
Additions		
Property tax collections for other governments	\$ -	18,880,369
Total Revenues	-	18,880,369
Deletions		
Payments of tax collections to other governments		18,880,369
Total Expenditures	_	18,880,369
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	
Net position - beginning	-	7,700
Net position - ending	\$_	7,700

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Jones County Appraisal District (the District) operates under a Chief Appraiser and Directors form of government and provides the following services: appraisal of property values and collections of property taxes services.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of the District are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the Notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the District as a whole. The primary government is presented separately within the financial statements with the focus on the primary government. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and District general revenues, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to external customers. The District has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services which report fees from supporting entities and other charges to users of the District's services; and (2) operating grants and contributions which finance annual operating activities. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the District are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The District's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

The government-wide statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, generally including the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied, while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Major revenue sources susceptible to accrual include fees from supporting entities. In general, other revenues are recognized when cash is received.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Fund Types and Major Funds

Governmental funds

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – reports as the primary fund of the District. This fund is used to account for all financial resources.

In addition, the District reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds:

Custodial funds – These funds are used to report custodial funds held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to other governments.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as net position held for participating entities. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation for the government-wide financial statements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (the "TCDRS") and additions to/deductions from TCDRS' Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no assets accumulated in a trust fund for the OPEB plan.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Cash

The District maintains and controls four cash accounts. Some of these accounts are interestbearing accounts but none are considered to be investments nor need to be considered cash equivalents.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Inventory

The costs of inventory are recorded as expenditures when purchased (purchase method).

Capital assets, depreciation, and amortization

The District adopted a formal capitalization policy whereby the District capitalizes assets with a cost greater than \$5,000 and a useful life greater than one year. The District's property, plant, and equipment with useful lives of more than one year are stated at historical cost and comprehensively reported in the government-wide financial statements. Donated assets are stated at fair value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset value or materially extend useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed of, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Estimated useful lives for depreciable assets are as follows:

Buildings 25 years
Furniture and fixtures 10 years
Equipment 5-10 years

Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources refer to the consumption of net assets that are applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources have a positive effect on net position, similar to assets. The District has no amounts recorded as deferred outflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements and \$131,849 of deferred outflows related to TCDRS in the government-wide financial statements.

Deferred inflows of resources refer to the acquisition of net assets that are applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources have a negative effect on net position, similar to liabilities. The District has no amounts recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements and \$259,252 of deferred inflows of resources related to TCDRS in the government-wide financial statements.

Fund balance classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District had no nonspendable funds on December 31, 2022.

Restricted – This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had no restricted funds on December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District had \$15,000 committed for contingencies, \$25,000 committed for building maintenance, \$14,000 committed for technology, and \$36,000 for other allocations on December 31, 2022.

Assigned – This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the Board of Director's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or through the Board of Directors delegating this responsibility to the Chief Appraiser through the budgetary process. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The District has no funds classified as assigned on December 31, 2022.

Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. As such, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Budget policy and practice

Management of the District submits an annual budget to the Board of Directors in accordance with the District's charter. The budget is presented to the Board of Directors for review, and public hearings are held to address priorities and the allocation of resources. In August, the Board of Directors adopts the annual fiscal year budgets for District operating funds. Once approved, the Board of Directors may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations.

Basis of budgeting

The General Fund's appropriated budget is prepared on a detailed line-item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Budget revisions at this level are subject to final review by the District's Board of Directors.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY - continued

Budgets for the governmental funds are budgeted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are budgeted in the year receipt is expected; and expenditures are budgeted in the year that the expenditure is incurred. The budget and actual financial statements are reported on this basis.

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits – State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the District complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) banker's acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District does not have an investment policy and therefore, is not in compliance with this requirement.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing deposits and investments for the District are as follows:

Credit Risk – To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District only has checking and money market accounts.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments – To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party, the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the District and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. All the District's deposits are secured by the FDIC.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of checking and money market accounts at their depository bank and is fully insured at the time of deposit. Therefore, the District's credit risk due to concentration is not considered a material risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - continued

Interest Rate Risk – To limit the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District monitors the interest rate of the money market accounts.

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

The following schedule provides a summary of changes in capital assets:

	Beginning					Ending
	Balance		Increases	I	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:	3.500.00					
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$ 2,100	\$		\$_	\$_	2,100
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,100		-		-	2,100
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings	150,716					150,716
Furniture and equipment	33,401					33,401
Equipment	 245,533					245,533
Total capital assets being depreciated	429,650	52 0				429,650
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	(77,728)		(6,029)			(83,757)
Furniture and equipment	(29,094)		(522)			(29,616)
Equipment	(245,533)			-		(245,533)
Total accumulated depreciation	(352,355)		(6,551)			(358,906)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 79,395	\$	(6,551)	\$	\$	72,844
Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 6,551					
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 6,551					

NOTE 5: RISK MANAGEMENT – CLAIMS AND JUDGEMENTS

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage limits for the past three years.

NOTE 6: UNFAVORABLE BUDGET VARIANCES

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the District had the following unfavorable budget variances:

General Fund

Salary	\$ 3,492
Board of review	624
Dues and subscriptions	3,675
Insurance and bonds	1,097
Leases and agreements	4,426
Miscellaneous	5,213
Office maintenance	6,023
Professional services	8,770

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6: UNFAVORABLE BUDGET VARIANCES - continued

All expenditures were approved by the Board, and total expenditures were \$4,065 more than budget. In addition, the Board approved using \$19,650 of committed funds for the line items that would exceed appropriations.

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLAN – TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan Description

The District provides pension, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public-employee retirement system through Texas County and District Retirement System (the "TCDRS"). The system serves over 830 participating counties and districts throughout Texas. Each employer maintains its own customized plan of benefits. Plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of each employer, within the options available in the TCDRS Act. Employers have the flexibility and local control to adjust benefits annually and pay for those benefits based on their needs and budgets.

Each employee has a defined benefit plan that functions similarly to a cash balance plan. The assets of the plan are pooled for investment purposes, but each employer's plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that employer's plan. In accordance with Texas law, it is intended that the pension plan be construed and administered in a manner that the retirement system will be considered qualified under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. All employees (except temporary staff) of a participating employer must be enrolled in the plan. The TCDRS issues an annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034.

Benefits

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the District, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). When an employee is vested, he or she has the right to a monthly benefit, which includes employer matching, at age 60 or older. Employers may choose 5-, 8- or 10-year vesting. In addition, employees may retire before age 60 if they meet one of the following requirements, set by the employer:

- "Rule of" eligibility: Under these rules, a vested employee can retire if their age plus years of service time add up to at least 75 or 80.
- 20-year or 30-year retirement at any age: This lets employee retire when they have at least 20 or 30 years of service time.

A member is vested after 10 years but must leave his accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump-sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the District within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLAN – TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Contributions

The District has elected the annually determined contribution rate (ADCR) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually.

Number of inactive employees entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits:	4
Inactive employees receiving benefits:	3
Number of active employees:	5
	12

Employees of the District were required to contribute 7.0% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the District were 13.47% and 16.03% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively. The District's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2022, were \$52,021 and were equal to the required contributions.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.6%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum every four years and is based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017 based on the period January 1, 2013 – December 31, 2016. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	Geometric Real Rate of Return (2)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	3.80%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.10%
International Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	3.80%
International Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.30%
Investment - Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	1.77%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.25%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLAN – TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - continued

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation (1)	Geometric Real Rate of Return (2)
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index (3)	4.00%	4.50%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	3.10%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	3.85%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index (4)	6.00%	5.10%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index (5)	25.00%	6.80%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds	6.00%	1.55%
Cash Equivalent	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	-1.05%

- (1) Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2022 TCDRS Board meeting.
- (2) Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.6%, per Cliffwater's 2022 capital market assumptions.
- (3) Includes vintage years 2005 present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (4) Includes vintage years 2007 present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.
- (5) Includes vintage years 2006 present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2022, the District reported a net pension asset of \$78,406. The changes in net pension liability were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Plan Fiduciary Net Pensi			
	Total Pension	N	let Position	Liability
	Liability (a)		(b)	(a)-(b)
Balance at 12/31/20	\$ 2,004,576	\$	1,803,256	201,320
Changes for the year:				
Service Cost	36,601			36,601
Interest	152,740			152,740
Change in benefit terms				
Difference between expected/actual experience	(4,448)			(4,448)
Changes of assumptions	(13,488)			(13,488)
Contributions - employer			37,360	(37,360)
Contributions - employee			19,415	(19,415)
Net investment income			395,251	(395, 251)
Benefit payments, including refunds of				
employee contributions	(64,049)		(64,049)	
Administrative expenses			(1,185)	1,185
Other charges			290	(290)
Net changes	107,356		387,082	(279,726)
Balance at 12/31/21	\$ 2,111,932	\$	2,190,338	\$ (78,406)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7: RETIREMENT PLAN – TEXAS COUNTY & DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM - continued

The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date and for the year then ended.

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension asset during the measurement period.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following shows the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.6%, as well as what the District's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent point lower (6.6%) or 1 percent point higher (8.6%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(6.6%)	(7.6%)	(8.6%)
District's net pension liability (asset)	232,134	(78,406)	(329,172)

<u>Pension expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,979.

At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience (net of	18,979	2,965
Changes in actuarial assumptions	53,343	8,992
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings (net of		246,972
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	52,021	
Total	124,343	258,929

\$52,021 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	
2023	(21,901)
2024	(53,996)
2025	(59,010)
2026	(51,700)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8: DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description

The District participates in the retirce Group Term Life program for the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a statewide, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system. All full- and part- time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year are eligible for the TCDRS pension plan. Only employers that have elected participation in the retiree Group Term Life program are included in the OPEB plan. The plan provides a \$5,000 post-retirement death benefit to beneficiaries of service retirees and disability retirees of employers that have elected participation in the retiree GTL program. Benefit terms are established under the TCDRS Act. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the employer may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage as of January 1 each year.

Membership Information

Employees covered by benefits as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Number of mactive employees entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits:	4
Number of inactive employees:	2
Number of active employees:	5
	11

Contributions

Contribution rates for the District were 0.58% and 0.62% in calendar years 2021 and 2022, respectively. The District's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2022 were \$2,012 and were equal to the required contributions.

Total OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease) Total OPEB	
	I	Liability
Balance at 12/31/20	\$	24,170
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		679
Interest		515
Change in benefit terms		
Difference between expected/actual experience		1,259
Changes of assumptions		435
Benefit payments, including refunds of		
employee contributions		(1,137)
Net changes		1,751
Balance at 12/31/21	\$	25,921

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculating using the discount rate of 2.06%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would have been if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.06%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.06%) than the current rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8: DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS - continued

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	
	(1.06%)	(2.06%)	(3.06%)	
District's net OPEB liability	31,339	25,921	21,918	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense in the amount of \$3,137. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience (net of	2,244	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	3,250	323
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings (net of		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,012	
Total	7,506	323

\$2,012 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows o resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	
2023	1,938
2024	1,994
2025	988
2026	251

NOTE 9: NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87 *Leases*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. GASB No. 95 postponed the effective date 18 months. The District implemented this Statement in the current year and determined there was no impact upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9: NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - continued

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91 Conduit debt obligations. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Implementation of this standard has been extended until the reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021 due to GASB No. 95. The District determined there was no impact upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92 *Omnibus 2020*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. Implementation of this standard has been extended until the reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. GASB No. 95 postponed the effective date for one year. The District determined there was no impact upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93 Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. The objective of the Statement is to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods ending after December 15, 2021. Implementation of this standard has been extended until the reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2022. GASB No. 95 postponed the implementation by one year. The District has not determined the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or eash flows upon adoption.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94 Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The District has not determined the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9: NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - continued

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95 Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The following statements are postponed by one year: 83, 84, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92 and 93. The following statement is postponed by 18 months: No. 87. The requirements of this Statement are effective immediately.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset- an intangible asset – and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for years beginning after June 15, 2022. The District has not determined the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or eash flows upon adoption.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97 Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - An Amendment of GASB Statements Nos. 14 and 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements, and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The District determined there was no impact upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In October 2021, the GASB issued Statement No. 98 *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. This Statement establishes the term *annual comprehensive financial report* and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of *comprehensive annual financial report* and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2021. Earlier application is encouraged. The District determined there was no impact upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In April 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99 *Omnibus* 2022. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements of this Statement are effective as follows: related to extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges are effective upon

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 9: NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS - continued

issuance; related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022; and related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has not determined the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100 Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has not determined the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101 Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not determined the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

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	REQUIRED SUPPLEM	MENTARV INEOD	MATION	
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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

					Variance with Final Budget
		Budgeted A	Amounts		Positive
DEVENTER		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	615,934	615,934 \$	615,934 \$	
Investment income				55	55
Other income		33,862	33,862	54,204	20,342
Total Revenues	_	649,796	649,796	670,193	20,397
EXPENDITURES					
Salary		334,464	334,464	337,956	(3,492)
Payroll tax		24,944	24,944	24,944	(3,492)
Employee benefits		63,238	63,238	55,399	7,839
Appraisal engineers		67,400	67,400	67,400	7,039
Board of review		2,000	2,000	2,624	(624)
Dues and subscriptions		2,500	2,500	6,175	(3,675)
Insurance and bonds		3,500	3,500	4,597	(1,097)
Leases and agreements		61,750	61,750	66,176	(4,426)
Miscellaneous			,	5,213	(5,213)
Office maintenance		4,500	4,500	10,523	(6,023)
Office supplies and postage		37,000	37,000	33,930	3,070
Professional services		9,500	9,500	18,270	(8,770)
Telephone and utilities		-13,000	13,000	10,846	2,154
Travel, training and tuition		10,000	10,000	9,808	192
Capital outlay		16,000	16,000	,,000	16,000
Total Expenditures		649,796	649,796	653,861	(4,065)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			_	16,332	16,332
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers to supporting entities					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-			(16,332)	(16,332)
same rimatering bources (Osca)	-		_	(16,332)	(16,332)
Net Change in Fund Balance					
Fund Balance - Beginning		90,000	90,000	90,000	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	90,000 \$	90,000 \$	90,000 \$	

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$	31,394 \$	21.224 6	21.510 6	20.022	
ф		31,224 \$	31,519 \$	28,922 \$	28,005
	123,361	113,570	104,499	97,441	90,570
	16.500	1 < 20 =		(5,900)	
	16,520	16,305	16,434	7,607	14,217
		15,865		21,870	
_	(56,246)	(56,246)	(56,246)	(56,246)	(56,246)
	115,029	120,718	96,206	93,694	76,546
	1,519,163	1,398,445	1,302,239	1,208,545	1,131,999
\$ =	1,634,192 \$	1,519,163 \$	1,398,445 \$	1,302,239 \$	1,208,545
\$	27,743 \$	26,178 \$	23,930 \$	23,319 \$	22,589
	18,530	18,343	17,839	17,310	16,575
	(27,096)	185,967	87,963	4,587	77,319
	(56,246)	(56,246)	(56,246)	(56,246)	(56,246)
	(1,133)	(963)	(955)	(855)	
	(151)	(166)	12,710	10,223	(891)
_	(38,353)	173,113	85,241		7,593
	1,448,458	1,275,345	1,190,104	(1,662)	66,939
\$	1,410,105 \$	1,448,458 \$	1,275,345 \$	1,191,766 1,190,104 \$	1,124,827
=		1,710,430	1,273,343 \$	1,190,104 \$	1,191,766
\$_	224,087 \$	70,705 \$	123,100 \$	112,135 \$	16,779
	86.29%	95.35%	91.20%	91.39%	98.61%
\$	264,719 \$	262,037 \$	254,847 \$	247,285 \$	236,781
	84.65%	26.98%	48.30%	45.35%	7.09%

_	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$	32,046 \$	27,743 \$	26,178 \$	23,930 \$	23,319
_	(32,046)	(27,743)	(26,178)	(23,930)	(23,319)
\$ _	\$	\$	\$	\$	-
\$	276,494 \$	264,719 \$	262,037 \$	254,847 \$	247,285
	11.59%	10.48%	9.99%	9.39%	9.43%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31. two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry age

Amortization Method

Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period

18.9 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/21 valuation)

Asset Valuation Method

5-yr smoothed market

Inflation

2.50%

Salary Increases

Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including inflation.

Investment Rate of Return

7.5%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation.

Retirement Age

Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality

135% of the PUB-2010 General Retires Table for males and 120% of the PUB-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Changes Plan Provisions Reflected the Schedule of in

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

Employer Contributions*

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

Changes Plan in Provisions

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.

Reflected in the Schedule of

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

Employer Contributions*

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after

2017.

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

^{*} Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to Schedule.

 2018	 2017
\$ 421	\$ 373
586	599
509	477
(1,615)	557
(874)	(865)
(973)	1,141
17,037	15,896
\$ 16,064	\$ 17,037
\$ 264,719	\$ 262,037
6.07%	6.50%

Merritt, McLane & Hamby, P.C.

500 Chestnut Street, Suite 1645 Abilene, TX 79602

To the Board of Directors

Jones County Appraisal District

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities of Jones County Appraisal District for the year ended December 31, 2022. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated September 16, 2022. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Jones County Appraisal District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2022. We noted no transactions entered into by Jones County Appraisal District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the District's financial statements were depreciation expense, net pension liability, and net OPEB liability.

Management's estimate of depreciation expense is based on the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop depreciation expense in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimates of the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are based on reports received from Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The net pension liability and net OPEB liability reported by TCDRS are based on actuarial valuations that utilize various assumptions including the remaining amortization period, discount rate, expected rates of investment return, salary increases, payroll growth rates, and mortality rates.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were the disclosures of the defined benefit pension plan and OPEB plan in Notes 7 and 8 to the financial statements. The disclosures are based on various reports provided by TCDRS. The reports are based on the audited financial statements of the pension plan and actuarial reports provided by a third party.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, some of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole, as seen on the attached listing of adjusting journal entries.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated April 14, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Jones County Appraisal District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Jones County Appraisal District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison for the general fund and the required TCDRS schedules, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of Jones County Appraisal District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

MERRITT, MCLANE & HAMBY, P.C.

Melan & Hamby, P.C.

April 14, 2023 Abilene, Texas

			19500 -	19500 - Jones County Appraisal District Adjusting Journal Entries January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022	oraisal District Entries			-
Date	Reference	Account	Description	WP Reference	Debit	Credit	Net Income Effect	
Adjusting Jou 12/31/22	Adjusting Journal Entries 12/31/22 AJE01	01-000-1015 01-000-1210 01-100-4310 01-000-1010 01-000-2241 01-000-2532 01-000-1000	To roll equity for General Fund Petty Cash Accounts Receivable Office Supplies Cash in Bank-General Account Fund Balance-Reserved Contingencies Fund Balance-Unreserved Cash on Hand Cash in Bank-General Account	5410	11,578.20 26,956.68 11,729.51 200.00	272.39 1,358.84 5,518.33 43,314.83	1,358.84	
12/31/22	AJE02	03-000-1510 03-000-1515 03-000-1520 03-000-1530 03-000-1521 03-000-1531	***FOR REPORT ONLY*** Land Buildings Furniture & Fixtures Equipment AD Buildings AD Furniture & Fixtures AD Equipment Investment in Capital Assets	5410	2,100.00 150,716.00 33,401.00 245,533.00	77,728.00 29,094.00 245,533.00 79,395.00	0.00	
12/31/22	AJE03	02-000-1000 02-000-2402 02-000-2420 02-000-2410 02-000-2402	To roll equity for collections Cash on Hand Adjustments VIT Taxes Held Escrow Taxes Held Escrow Adjustments Fund Balance-Unreserved	5410	21,798.54	200.00 159.14 11,411.55 3,592.54 6,435.31	0.00	
12/31/22	AJE04	04-000-1620 04-000-2300 04-000-2315 04-000-2350 04-000-2355	***FOR REPORT ONLY*** Amount to be Provided Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflow Net OPEB Liability Deferred Outflow - OPEB Deferred Inflow - OPEB	5410	122,081.00 155,160.00 7,728.00	201,320.00 58,833.00 24,170.00 646.00	0.00	
12/31/22	AJE05	03-000-2245 03-000-1516 03-000-1521	*** FOR REPORT ONLY*** Investment in Capital Assets AD Buildings AD Furniture & Fixtures	3205	6,551.00	6,029.00	0.00	
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			19500	19500 - Jones County Appraisal District Adjusting Journal Entries January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022	praisal District Entries			
Date	Reference	Account	Description	WP Reference	Debit	Credit	Net Income Effect	
12/31/22	AJE06	01-000-1010 01-000-2230 01-000-3340 01-000-3342 01-000-3680	To adjust for deferred revenue Cash in Bank-General Account Deferred Revenue Collection Revenue Postage Miscellaneous Revenue Accounts Receivable	6010	124,628.50 631.00 0.07 10,947.13	133,499.02	(11,578.20)	
12/31/22	AJE07	01-100-4330	To record CY AP Legal Audit Services Accounts Payable	4105	5,000.00	5,000.00	(2,000.00)	
12/31/22	AJE08	01-000-1010 01-000-3680	To adjust cash to bank rec Cash in Bank-General Account Miscellaneous Revenue	2010	17,897.31	17,897.31	17,897.31	-
12/31/22	AJE09	04-000-2300 04-000-2310 04-000-2315 04-000-1620	***CLIENT DO NOT POST *** To adjust for GASB 68 Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflow Deferred Inflow Amount to be Provided	1610	279,726.00	30,817.00 200,096.00 48,813.00	0.00	221
12/31/22	AJE10	04-000-2350 04-000-2355 04-000-2360 04-000-1620	***CLIENT DO NOT POST *** To adjust for GASB 75 Net OPEB Liability Deferred Outflow - OPEB Deferred Inflow - OPEB Amount to be Provided	1610	323.00 1,650.00	1,751.00	00.00	
12/31/22	AJE11	01-110-4011 01-120-4011 01-140-4011 01-170-4011 01-180-4011 01-190-4011	To record payroll accrual Salary Salary Salary Salary Salary Salary Salary	4315	3,041.13 1,555.71 2,320.88 1,834.88 2,500.00 1,458.33	12,710.93	(12,710.93)	
12/31/22	AJE12	01-250-4250	To record due to entities Refund to Taxing Entities Refund due to Entities		16,331.91	16,331.91	(16,331.91)	
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19500 - Jones County Appraisal District Adjusting Journal Entries January 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022	Net Income tion WP Reference Debit Credit Effect	Totals for Adjusting Journal Entries 1 265 378 78 1 265 378 78 (26 364 89)	Report Totals 1,265,378.78 1,265,378.78
19500 - Jones Coun Adjusting Jo	Reference Account Description	Totals for Adjusting Journal Entri	Report Total
	Date		

Journal Entry count = 12

Page 3

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SCHEDULES OF DELINQUENT TAXES AND INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

YEARS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Merritt, McLane & Hamby, P.C.

500 Chestnut Street, Suite 1645 Abilene, TX 79602

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Board of Directors

Jones County Appraisal District

We have performed the procedures enumerated below on the balance of delinquent taxes outstanding, appraised values and tax levies, and tax collections and adjustments for their fiscal year end of August 31, 2022, or September 30, 2022, respectively. The District's management is responsible for the delinquent taxes receivable.

Jones County Appraisal District has agreed and acknowledged that the procedures performed are appropriate to meet the intended purpose of assisting users in understanding the tax information of the District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and September 30, 2022. This report may not be suitable for any other purpose. The procedures performed may not address all the items of interest to a user of this report and may not meet the needs of all users of this report, and, as such, users are responsible for determining whether the procedures performed are appropriate for their purposes.

The procedures we performed, and findings are summarized as follows:

- 1. The balance in delinquent taxes outstanding at the beginning of the year was reconciled to the prior year's report.
- 2. We obtained the total appraised property value for the taxing authority by preparing a summary of such values from the appropriate rolls maintained by the District.
- 3. We recomputed the 2021/2022 tax levy based on the appraised property values per the District.
- 4. We selected a representative sample of tax receipt numbers and tested the calculation of the tax due based on the assessment value and the appropriate tax rates for the given taxing authority.
- 5. We selected a representative sample of tax collections made during this year, both for the current and delinquent taxes, and examined each for the propriety of the tax due, proper handling of the cash receipt, and that the receipt was disbursed to the appropriate taxing authority.
- We identified adjustments made during the year and reviewed these, on a test basis, for authenticity of the change orders and for reasonableness.

There were no findings related to any of the procedures listed above.

We were not engaged by Jones County Appraisal District to perform this agreed-upon procedures engagement and conducted our engagement in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. We were not engaged to an did not conduct an examination or review engagement, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion or conclusion, respectively, on the tax information. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion or conclusion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

We are required to be independent of Jones County Appraisal District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our agreed-upon procedures engagement.

This report is intended solely for the use of the board of directors and management of Jones County Appraisal District and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MERRITT, MCLANE & HAMBY, P.C.

Then'the Moderne 4Has, p.c.

Abilene, Texas April 14, 2023

Phone: 325-672-9323

ANSON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT M&O YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	-	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	- 0	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	27,050	\$	\$	(141) \$	(3,766) \$	23,143
2013	1.1700	130,209,940		4,156			(164)	(103)	3,889
2014	1.1701	132,778,260		16,904			(110)	(132)	16,662
2015	1.1700	125,236,990		10,611			(350)	(382)	9,879
2016	1.1700	120,095,580		8,759			(1,383)	(392)	6,984
2017	1.1700	124,197,270		13,788			(1,760)	(637)	11,391
2018	1.1700	125,343,670		38,245			(23,232)	(496)	14,517
2019	1.2871	113,372,621		47,172			(24,203)	(1,134)	21,835
2020	1.0183	147,499,656		66,021			(34,059)	(1,505)	30,457
2021	0.9603	183,631,053			1,763,409	_	(1,698,534)	(10,935)	53,940
Total			\$	232,706	\$ 1,763,409	= \$	(1,783,936) \$	(19,482) \$	192,697

ANSON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT 1&S YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$ 3,221 \$	\$	(31) \$	(118) \$	3,072
2013	0.25060	130,209,940	890		(35)	(22)	833
2014	0.24650	132,778,260	3,561		(23)	(28)	3,510
2015	0.24570	125,236,990	2,251		(73)	(81)	2,097
2016	0.24360	120,095,580	1,897		(287)	(83)	1,527
2017	0.22390	124,197,270	2,759		(336)	(123)	2,300
2018	0.21440	125,343,670	7,138		(4,256)	(92)	2,790
2019	0.21870	141,749,886	9,775		(4,960)	(228)	4,587
2020	0.21240	153,259,416	13,909		(7,015)	(412)	6,482
2021	0.15500	357,409,677		553,985	(543,384)	(1,788)	8,813
Total			\$\$	553,985 \$	(560,400) \$	(2,975) \$	36,011

HAMLIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT M&O YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	(Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	42,228	\$	\$ (749) \$	(6,039) \$	35,440
2013	1.1700	85,258,130		6,165		(471)	(598)	5,096
2014	1.1700	95,030,970		7,894		(403)	(465)	7,026
2015	1.1700	95,055,730		12,597		(565)	(1,233)	10,799
2016	1.1700	84,957,080		16,080		(743)	(844)	14,493
2017	1.1700	78,539,990		23,276		(995)	(1,451)	20,830
2018	1.1700	76,074,350		22,564		(1,302)	(1,585)	19,677
2019	1.3450	113,035,465		28,824		(4,940)	(1,779)	22,105
2020	1.0547	147,665,592		45,228		(13,608)	(3,687)	27,933
2021	1.0517	139,501,189	_		1,467,134	(1,413,508)	(10,956)	42,670
Total			\$ =	204,856	\$ 1,467,134	\$ (1,437,284) \$	(28,637) \$	206,069

HAMLIN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT I&S YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$ 5,198 \$	\$	(120) \$	(626) \$	4,452
2013	0.2400	85,258,130	1,289		(99)	(123)	1,067
2014	0.2150	95,030,970	1,451		(74)	(86)	1,291
2015	0.2250	95,055,730	2,577		(123)	(237)	2,217
2016	0.2250	84,957,080	3,387		(143)	(162)	3,082
2017	0.2250	78,539,990	4,737		(191)	(279)	4,267
2018	0.2250	76,074,350	4,654		(271)	(305)	4,078
2019	0.2766	144,744,396	7,813		(1,312)	(461)	6,040
2020	0.2767	150,428,623	12,535		(3,783)	(951)	7,801
2021	0.2767	143,013,372		395,718	(381,047)	(2,710)	11,961
Total			\$\$	395,718 \$	(387,163) \$	(5,940) \$	46,256

HAWLEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT M&O YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$ 51,498 \$	\$	(241) \$	(4,148) \$	47,109
2013	1.1700	103,535,440	8,750		(224)		8,526
2014	1.1700	121,868,790	13,760		(376)		13,384
2015	1.1700	116,549,340	6,997		(420)		6,577
2016	1.1700	129,948,750	7,621		(539)		7,082
2017	1.1700	132,515,360	8,724		(1,526)		7,198
2018	1.1700	138,122,100	14,204		(3,285)		10,919
2019	1.2784	137,201,940	19,776		(3,018)	(2,840)	13,918
2020	0.9688	190,045,417	39,596		(10,080)	(11,969)	17,547
2021	0.9603	196,453,192		1,886,540	(1,811,934)	(23,781)	50,825
Total			\$170,926_\$	1,886,540 \$	(1,831,643) \$	(42,738) \$	183,085

HAWLEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT 1&S YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	- 2 2	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	_	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	3,669 \$	\$		\$ (15) \$	(63) \$	3,591
2013	0.1200	100,500,590		917			(23)		894
2014	0.1200	103,535,440		1,411			(38)		1,373
2015	0.1200	121,868,790		761			(43)		718
2016	0.1200	116,549,340		832			(56)		776
2017	0.1200	129,948,750		958			(157)		801
2018	0.1900	132,515,360		2,394			(533)		1,861
2019	0.2100	138,122,100		4,011			(624)	(578)	2,809
2020	0.2100	174,742,381		8,964			(2,643)	(2,404)	3,917
2021	0.2100	205,934,286				432,462	(422,740)	1,905	11,627
Total			\$	23,917	\$ =	432,462	\$ (426,872) \$	(1,140) \$	28,367

LUEDERS-AVOCA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT M&O

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various \$	21,573 \$	\$	\$	(1,128) \$	20,445
2013	1.1052	38,891,440	3,136		(12)		3,124
2014	1.0518	50,918,070	3,454		(5)		3,449
2015	1.1700	73,346,580	3,949		(39)		3,910
2016	1.1700	66,570,670	5,276		(223)		5,053
2017	1.1500	55,387,950	5,024		(655)		4,369
2018	1.1700	55,960,210	7,546		(3,388)		4,158
2019	1.1433	54,653,820	13,604		(3,250)		10,354
2020	1.0321	70,783,696	20,188		(5,391)	(125)	14,672
2021	1.0142	84,049,990		852,435	(833,499)	952	19,888
Total		\$	83,750 \$	<u>852,435</u> \$	(846,462) \$	(301) \$	89,422

LUEDERS-AVOCA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT I&S

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various S	\$ 1,115 \$	\$	\$	8 \$	1,123
2013	0.0680	38,891,440	193		(1)		192
2014	0.0540	50,918,070	177				177
2015	0.0540	73,346,580	182		(2)		180
2016	0.0540	66,570,670	244		(10)		234
2017	0.0750	55,387,950	328		(43)		285
2018	0.0750	55,960,210	484		(217)		267
2019	0.0750	54,653,820	955		(228)	(3)	724
2020	0.0650	76,452,000	1,271		(340)	(13)	918
2021	0.0700	85,112,857		59,579	(58,273)	67	1,373
Total		;	\$\$	59,579 \$	(59,114) \$	\$	5,473

STAMFORD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT M&O YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Y	rrent ear's I Levy	1	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$ 38,992 \$	S		\$	(1,306) \$	(6,761) \$	30,925
2013	1.1700	66,827,990	6,462				(398)	(1,000)	5,064
2014	1.1700	75,821,430	7,002				(776)	(1,262)	4,964
2015	1.1700	84,817,225	17,172				(9,891)	(1,519)	5,762
2016	1.1700	82,684,650	21,304				(12,300)	(1,518)	7,486
2017	1.1700	84,787,360	14,544				(1,928)	(1,418)	11,198
2018	1.1700	83,390,180	19,193				(5,401)	(1,412)	12,380
2019	1.3784	78,401,567	22,678				(4,581)	(1,483)	16,614
2020	1.0547	103,415,853	47,550				(17,181)	(2,242)	28,127
2021	0.9918	112,925,086		1,11	19,991	_	(1,061,112)	5,280	64,159
Total			\$ 194,897	5	19,991	= \$	(1,114,874) \$	(13,335) \$	186,679

STAMFORD INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT I&S YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy		Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$ 6,087 \$		\$	(365) \$	(745) \$	4,977
2013	0.3450	66,827,990	1,912			(117)	(295)	1,500
2014	0.3100	75,821,430	1,767			(206)	(335)	1,226
2015	0.3100	84,817,225	4,550			(2,621)	(402)	1,527
2016	0.3100	82,684,650	5,648			(3,262)	(402)	1,984
2017	0.3100	84,787,360	3,859			(516)	(376)	2,967
2018	0.3100	83,390,180	5,106			(1,437)	(375)	3,294
2019	0.3100	105,352,581	6,635			(1,356)	(430)	4,849
2020	0.3100	108,117,742	14,369			(5,321)	(670)	8,378
2021	0.3100	118,571,290		367,571		(343,838)	(3,267)	20,466
Total			\$ 49,933 \$	367,571	= \$	(359,039) \$	(7,297) \$	51,168

JONES COUNTY M&O YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	_	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy		Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2013 and prior	Various	Various	\$	126,862 \$	\$	ò	(3,882) \$	(13,003) \$	109,977
2014	0.579000	601,732,580		20,206			(1,497)	(893)	17,816
2015	0.572000	619,229,890		31,696			(2,125)	(989)	28,582
2016	0.594390	676,107,100		31,149			(2,737)	(1,744)	26,668
2017	0.609320	676,053,535		38,066			(4,104)	(1,600)	32,362
2018	0.628670	658,316,700		53,736			(6,767)	(1,925)	45,044
2019	0.622760	655,241,340		79,694			(24,592)	(1,826)	53,276
2020	0.606969	661,249,950		103,833			(32,603)	(3,670)	67,560
2021	0.566028	785,319,184		158,860			(60,933)	(8,929)	88,998
2022	0.561405	896,717,165			5,034,215		(4,827,095)	(28,273)	178,847
Total			\$	644,102 \$	5,034,215 \$) =	(4,966,335) \$	(62,852) \$	649,130

JONES COUNTY I&S YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	-	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year		Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	3,838 \$	\$		\$ (136) \$	(562) \$	3,140
2013	0.08100	601,732,580		2,972			(226)	(126)	2,620
2014	0.07101	619,229,890		4,060			(279)	(124)	3,657
2015	0.06698	676,107,100		3,769			(332)	(197)	3,240
2016	0.07064	676,053,535		4,984			(538)	(187)	4,259
2017	0.07133	658,316,700		6,772			(865)	(221)	5,686
2018	0.07200	655,241,340		9,885			(2,930)	(213)	6,742
2019	0.06784	661,249,950		12,367			(3,796)	(412)	8,159
2020	0.05996	835,215,815		17,822			(6,848)	(968)	10,006
2021	0.057540	949,458,666				546,347	(524,180)	(2,928)	19,239
Total			\$	66,469 \$	\$:	546,347	\$ (540,130) \$	(5,938) \$	66,748

CITY OF ANSON M&O YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various \$	23,440 \$	\$	(342) \$	(2,643) \$	20,455
2013	1.08917	55,335,020	3,376		(245)	0	3,131
2014	1.10433	56,611,870	5,006		(254)	0	4,752
2015	1.06391	59,714,140	6,398		(169)	(312)	5,917
2016	1.07123	66,714,280	10,915		(1,422)	(290)	9,203
2017	1.07553	70,006,490	16,501		(2,045)	(329)	14,127
2018	1.12682	72,674,540	19,719		(2,492)	(363)	16,864
2019	1.13048	72,714,734	29,300		(5,971)	(946)	22,383
2020	1.13359	77,971,019	43,709		(9,844)	(931)	32,934
2021	1.08174	87,478,553		946,294	(894,864)	(41)	51,389
Total			158,364 \$	946,294 \$	(917,648) \$	(5,855) \$	181,155

CITY OF ANSON I&S YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	. ,	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year		Current Year's tal Levy		Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	2,701 \$			\$	(46) \$	(35) \$	2,620
2013	0.15463	55,335,020		479				(34)	0	445
2014	0.13947	56,611,870		632				(32)	0	600
2015	0.12609	59,714,140		758				(20)	(37)	701
2016	0.11877	66,714,280		1,210				(157)	(33)	1,020
2017	0.11447	70,006,490		1,756				(217)	(35)	1,504
2018	0.06318	72,674,540		1,106				(140)	(20)	946
2019	0.05952	72,714,734		1,543				(314)	(50)	1,179
2020	0.05621	77,972,480		2,166				(483)	(55)	1,628
2021	0.051260	87,478,539				44,838	_	(42,279)	(126)	2,433
Total			\$	12,351	§	44,838	\$	(43,722) \$	(391) \$	13,076

CITY OF HAMLIN M&O YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	-	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	-	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected		djustments Increase Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	16,095	\$	\$		\$	(3,335) \$	12,760
2013	0.42152	59,944,860		1,717			(28)		(280)	1,409
2014	0.41746	64,963,390		1,867			(28)		(262)	1,577
2015	0.46393	72,689,180		2,747			(166)		(598)	1,983
2016	0.55951	73,729,530		5,767			(344)		(563)	4,860
2017	0.68089	67,237,330		8,804			(694)		(844)	7,266
2018	0.77204	60,772,860		12,746			(962)		(1,043)	10,741
2019	0.78486	58,427,020		16,982			(3,195)		(1,210)	12,577
2020	0.79933	57,795,329		26,891			(9,211)		(1,609)	16,071
2021	0.817710	57,732,570			472,085	_	(439,713)	_	(2,732)	29,640
Total			\$	93,616	\$ 472,085	\$	(454,341)	\$ _	(12,476) \$	98,884

CITY OF HAMLIN I&S YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$ 4,184 \$	\$	\$	(458) \$	3,726
2013	0.15432	59,944,860	628		(10)	(103)	515
2014	0.13800	64,963,390	617		(9)	(87)	521
2015	0.13837	72,689,180	819		(50)	(178)	591
2016	0.13768	73,729,530	1,419		(85)	(138)	1,196
2017	0.15084	67,237,330	1,950		(154)	(186)	1,610
2018	0.15698	60,772,860	2,592		(198)	(213)	2,181
2019	0.15970	58,427,020	3,425		(650)	(216)	2,559
2020	0.17511	57,795,329	5,891		(2,021)	(352)	3,518
2021	0.156720	57,732,702		90,481	(84,312)	(524)	5,645
Total			\$\$	90,481 \$	(87,489) \$	(2,455) \$	22,062

CITY OF HAWLEY YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$ 3,334 \$	\$	0 \$	(262) \$	3,072
2013	0.42099	14,878,580	248		(4)	0	244
2014	0.38720	15,760,110	(268)		(94)	0	(362)
2015	0.36168	17,106,680	286		(87)	0	199
2016	0.37615	18,022,640	435		(106)	0	329
2017	0.37615	18,581,180	621		(106)	0	515
2018	0.40610	19,102,200	1,299		(452)	0	847
2019	0.43858	20,926,550	2,163		(704)	(332)	1,127
2020	0.45000	22,491,450	3,243		(1,115)	(362)	1,766
2021	0.47000	26,035,957		122,369	(117,826)	(733)	3,810
Total			\$11,361_\$	122,369 \$	(120,494) \$	(1,689) \$	11,547

CITY OF LUEDERS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	_	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	1,678	\$	\$ (53) \$	(56) \$	1,569
2013	0.41860	3,831,490		464		(58)	0	406
2014	0.43367	4,065,570		527		(1)	0	526
2015	0.48045	4,221,670		561		(1)	0	560
2016	0.51907	4,133,420		857		(101)	0	756
2017	0.53547	4,124,670		1,295		(112)	0	1,183
2018	0.57060	4,441,090		1,503		(160)	0	1,343
2019	0.53501	4,488,080		2,263		(519)	0	1,744
2020	0.56638	5,169,062		3,112		(1,031)	0	2,081
2021	0.48257	5,914,777			28,543	(25,288)	26	3,281
Total			\$	12,260	\$ 28,543	\$ (27,324) \$	(30) \$	13,449

CITY OF STAMFORD YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	_	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy		Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	19,764 \$		\$	(1,301) \$	(4,503) \$	13,960
2013	0.88050	63,081,440		4,658			(683)	(785)	3,190
2014	0.90690	62,901,130		6,384			(1,420)	(1,013)	3,951
2015	0.92500	63,750,510		8,502			(1,654)	(1,258)	5,590
2016	0.95275	68,709,435		13,704			(2,358)	(1,302)	10,044
2017	0.98133	69,925,860		20,617			(3,872)	(1,261)	15,484
2018	0.98133	71,620,110		25,009			(5,232)	(1,256)	18,521
2019	0.98133	72,798,270		31,523			(7,245)	(1,319)	22,959
2020	0.98133	89,301,944		52,315			(18,034)	(1,421)	32,860
2021	0.9813300	96,887,345			950,787	_	(890,148)	5,726	66,365
Total			\$	182,476	950,787	\$	(931,947) \$	(8,392) \$	192,924

CITY OF STAMFORD I&S

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	_	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	\$	\$	\$	(1) \$	0
Total			\$		0 \$	\$	(1) \$	0

ANSON HOSPITAL DISTRICT YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$ \$	\$	\$	0 \$	
2013						0	
2014						0	
2015						0	
2016	0.40000	119,810,620	4,876		(586)	(157)	4,133
2017	0.38404	125,182,450	6,769		(950)	(255)	5,564
2018	0.39143	125,182,650	15,223		(7,991)	(168)	7,064
2019	0.38226	128,452,288	18,745		(8,952)	(359)	9,434
2020	0.38226	130,405,404	23,053		(10,631)	(326)	12,096
2021	0.35000	336,088,286		1,176,309	(1,153,480)	(3,047)	19,782
Total			\$68,666_\$	1,176,309 \$	(1,182,590) \$	(4,312) \$	58,073

HAMLIN HOSPITAL DISTRICT M&O

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$ 27,750 \$	\$ 5	\$ (612) \$	(3,338) \$	23,800
2013	0.41000	182,931,370	3,778		(98)	(314)	3,366
2014	0.39982	89,586,340	4,456		(101)	(264)	4,091
2015	0.41883	184,937,800	7,235		(274)	(599)	6,362
2016	0.46198	177,796,520	10,472		(441)	(478)	9,553
2017	0.48161	161,231,190	13,412		(671)	(661)	12,080
2018	0.48493	155,281,240	15,223		(1,139)	(721)	13,363
2019	0.46265	154,226,550	18,774		(3,166)	(785)	14,823
2020	0.44543	161,822,564	29,410		(9,830)	(966)	18,614
2021	0.430240	171,474,858		737,750	(702,529)	(4,458)	30,763
Total			\$ 130,510	\$ 737,750	\$ (718,861) \$	(12,584) \$	136,815

HAMLIN HOSPITAL DISTRICT I&S

				Delinquent Taxes		Current and		
		Assessed or Appraised		Outstanding Beginning of	Current Year's	Delinquent Taxes	Adjustments Increase	Taxes Outstanding
Tax Year	Tax Rate	Valuation	_	Year	Total Levy	Collected	(Decrease)	End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	741 \$	\$	\$	(523) \$	218
Total			\$	741 \$	\$	0 \$	(523) \$	218

STAMFORD HOSPITAL DISTRICT M&O

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$ 28,633 \$		\$ (1,703) \$	(2,698) \$	24,232
2013	0.39190	268,048,110	5,804		(846)	(351)	4,607
2014	0.39190	278,658,820	6,535		(1,066)	(395)	5,074
2015	0.43490	310,053,720	12,653		(4,878)	(592)	7,183
2016	0.43490	319,321,555	16,184		(6,080)	(595)	9,509
2017	0.43490	309,497,680	16,271		(2,764)	(560)	12,947
2018	0.43222	307,869,810	22,393		(6,737)	(554)	15,102
2019	0.40686	311,273,080	28,928		(9,306)	(589)	19,033
2020	0.37058	339,629,454	49,973		(21,732)	(1,143)	27,098
2021	0.350720	388,335,291		1,361,954	(1,303,708)	821	59,067
Total			\$ 187,374 \$	1,361,954	\$ (1,358,820) \$	(6,656) \$	183,852

STAMFORD HOSPITAL DISTRICT I&S

				Delinquent Taxes		Current and		
		Assessed or Appraised		Outstanding Beginning of	Current Year's	Delinquent Taxes	Adjustments Increase	Taxes Outstanding
Tax Year	Tax Rate	Valuation	-	Year	Total Levy	Collected	(Decrease)	End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	83	\$	\$	\$ (24) \$	59
Total			\$	83	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ (24) \$	59

PERSONAL PENALTY YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Tax Year	Tax Rate	Assessed or Appraised Valuation	_	Delinquent Taxes Outstanding Beginning of Year	Current Year's Total Levy	Current and Delinquent Taxes Collected	Adjustments Increase (Decrease)	Taxes Outstanding End of Year
2012 and prior	Various	Various	\$	550 \$	\$	(33) \$	(120) \$	397
2013				266		(9)	0	257
2014				302		(25)	0	277
2015				280		(16)	0	264
2016				421		(34)	0	387
2017				709		(38)	0	671
2018				648		(17)	0	631
2019				1,258		(119)	(357)	782
2020				2,026		(249)	(346)	1,431
2021					27,907	(24,072)	(1,806)	2,029
Total			\$	6,460 \$	27,907 \$	(24,612) \$	(2,629) \$	7,126